

Co-funded by the Erasmus+ Programme of the European Union

STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP BETWEEN SCHOOLS KA2 ACTION, ERASMUS+ PROGRAM THE VIRTUAL UNIVERSE WE WANT PROJECT NO: 2016-1-RO01-KA219-024515

POLAND

Tips for parents:

- 1. Find out how various social networking sites work. Ask your child to show you his/her profile.
- 2. Tell your children not to reply to any comments. However, do not delete any messages. Instead, print them all, including e-mail addresses or names of people using cyber violence.
- 3. Do not blame your child. If he/she is persecuted, be supportive and forgiving.
- 4. Build a relationship on trust. Ask the child to collaborate in establishing the rules; then he/she will be more prone to obey them.
- 5. In case of a problem, do not take computers away from your child. It will him/her more secretive.
- 6. If there are threats of persecution via the Internet, you should inform the teachers, the school management, the school psychologist or the police.
- 7. Install filters on the child's computer in order he/she will not use inappropriate websites.
- 8. Learn the meaning of popular acronyms used on the Internet and in text messages.
- 9. Find out with whom your child communicates via the Internet.
- 10. Encourage your child to turn to you or another trusted adult if he/she receives inappropriate messages.

Tips for students:

- 1. Never share your personal data. Apply the privacy policy in the social medias.
- 2. Remember that being online does not make you anonymous, so treat others with respect and expect the same from others.
- 3. Keep your password a secret.
- 4. Tell an adult who you trust that you are a victim of cyberbulling.
- 5. Do not answer and do not attack if you receive aggresive messages.
- 6. Block users who send you inappropriate content.
- 7. Save insulting e-mails or text messages.
- Do not send any videos and messages containing, for example, compromising content, because this is also cyberbullying.
- 9. If you are repeatedly harassed, change your user ID or a profile and use a name that does not provide information about you.
- 10. You can call the trust phones or visit websites which are created to help.

Tips for teachers to work with students in the lesson:

Provide students with the information about the safe use of the Internet and make them aware of the legal consequences in cases of abuse.

How to provide students with online security?

The world of technology is beautiful but also dangerous. A few inappropriate steps can put the student in a real danger.

Online security is not:

- Constant monitoring of the use of the Internet by students.
- > Applying serious restrictions online.
- Limiting the use of the Internet.

Education of students about online safety:

- ➢ Involve parents.
- Provide students with information.
- Create scenarios of an educational lesson about online security.





Leaflet prepared by students from the Primary School in Pobiedziska based on information from the project,, *Camouflage and safety in virtual Word*"



The virtual universe we want

